

Comhairle nan Eilean Siar

beatha le buaidh

S4 Learners Duilleagan-obrach

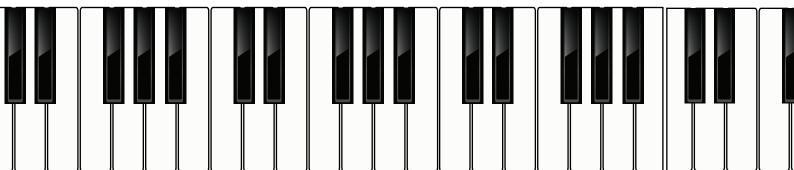
BOB GELDOF

The following is the work you will be doing in connection with the book:

- using the 'toolkit' provided at the end of the booklet to work out the Gaelic instructions
- answering questions on the book
- finding Gaelic synonyms in the text for English words
- crossword puzzle
- word search
- filling blanks in sentences
- completing sentences in Gaelic
- asking someone else questions based on the book

Use the 'toolkit' to find out what the instructions mean.

Refer to the vocabulary at the end of the booklet for help with words you don't know, or look up a dictionary.



BOB GELDOF Duilleagan 4-7



A. Freagair na ceistean a leanas ann am Beurla.

You have a choice to answer Ceistean 1 or the multiple choice Ceistean 2. Ask your teacher which you should do.

Duilleag 4 Ceistean 1

- What connection has Bob Geldof with Boomtown a. Rats?
- What is said about I Don't Like Mondays? b.
- Why is Geldof more well-known now? c.

Duilleag 6

- When were the Boomtown Rats 'on the way out'? d.
- Because Geldof knew this, what did he decide? e.
- f. 1) What did he try first of all?
 - 2) After taking part, what did he decide?
- Which event changed the rest of his life? g.

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h.

1) Who was the BBC news reporter?

2) Where did he report from?

- i. What crisis was being reported?
- j. After seeing the pictures, what did Geldof decide?
- k. 1) When did Geldof telephone Midge Ure?

2) Who was Midge Ure?

Duilleag 7

- I. What did the two musicians decide to do?
- m. 1) Why did Geldof speak on Radio 1?
 - 2) How did the media react?
- n. 1) What was Band Aid?
 - 2) Who was in it?

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- o. When was the recording Do They Know It's Christmas released?
- p. What proportion of the record's profits was going to Etiòpia?
- q. 1) How much money did Geldof think they would raise?
 - 2) How much did the actually raise?
- r. How did the record differ from previous ones?



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Ceistean 2 Duilleag 4 - 6

Tick the appropriate box.

a)	When he was with the Boomtown Rats, Bob Geldof	 played the guitar sang played the drums
b)	l Don't Like Mondays was at number 1 for	 a week two weeks twelve weeks
c)	Nowadays Geldof is most famous for what he does for	Africa world music pop music
d)	This group were on the way out in the eighties	 Pink Floyd Rolling Stones Boomtown Rats
e)	Geldof didn't want to be a/an	singer actor reporter
f)	The BBC newsman was reporting from	Ethiopia Somalia Cameroon
g)	People were dying from	 diseases lack of water starvation

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h)	After seeing the news Geldof promised	to do something to go there to make a record
i)	He phoned his friend Midge Ure	after a whilewithout delaynext day
j)	Ultravox was a	song tune group
		Duilleag 7
k)	They wrote a song to raise money for/to	be famous poor people themselves
I)	Geldof spoke on Radio 1 to	tell about his plans sing his song complain
m)	Band Aid was a	song group record
n)	The record was released	 before Christmas after Christmas at Christmas
o)	The record made	thousands of poundsa few million poundsmany millions of pounds



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B. Lorg faclan Gàidhlig air duilleagan 4 – 7 leis an aon chiall agus a tha aig na faclan a leanas:

1.	famous	
2.	singer	
3.	group	
4.	number	
5.	on behalf of	
6.	eighties	
7.	actor	
8.	night	
9.	the news	
10.	the rest, the remainder	
11.	newsman	
12.	thousands	
13.	hunger	
14.	promised	
15.	happened	
16.	at once, immediately	
17.	agreed	
18.	interest	
19.	the media	
20.	musician	



D. Sgrìobhadh

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Cuir crìoch air na freagairtean a leanas. Tha am fiosrachadh air duilleagan 4 – 7. Freagair le seantansan.

- a. Càit an robh Bob Geldof na sheinneadair? Bha e na sheinneadair
- b. Dè cho fada agus a bha an t-òran I Don't Like Mondays aig àireamh a h-aon? Bha e
- c. An robh Geldof ag iarraidh a bhith na chleasaiche? Cha robh,
- d. Cò às a bha Mìcheal Buerk ag aithris? Bha e
- e. An robh acras air daoine ann an Afraga? Bha, bha
- f. Carson a bha daoine a' bàsachadh? Bha iad
- g. Cò thuige a dh'fhòn Geldof? Dh'fhòn e

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O

- h. An do dh'aontaich Geldof agus Ure òran a sheinn? Cha do dh'aontaich,
 - Carson a chaidh Geldof air Rèidio 1? Chaidh e air Rèidio 1 airson
- j. Dè an còmhla a chuir Geldof ri chèile? Chuir e còmhlan
- k. Dè na thog iad de dh'airgead? Thog iad

E. Obair Dithis – Còmhradh

i.

Cleachd na ceistean ann an earrainn D. Cuir ceist mu seach air a chèile. Feuch ri na ceistean a fhreagairt gun coimhead air na freagairtean sgrìobhte.

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Duilleagan 8 – 12

A. Freagair na ceistean a leanas ann am Beurla.

You have a choice to answer Ceistean 1 or the multiple choice Ceistean 2. Ask your teacher which you should do.

a. 1) What did Geldof and Ure do in 1985?

2) Why did they do this?

- b. Who would play at the concert?
- c. What were the two venues for the concert?
- d. Why was the concert a 'first'?
- e. 1) Was it a success?

2) If so, why?

f. How well-known was Geldof after Live Aid?

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1) Where did he travel to?

g.

2) Why did he travel?

- Why did he argue with Mrs Thatcher? h.
- Did he have any effect on her thinking? i.
- What did he receive from the queen? j.
- Why is he not allowed to use 'Sir' before his k. name?



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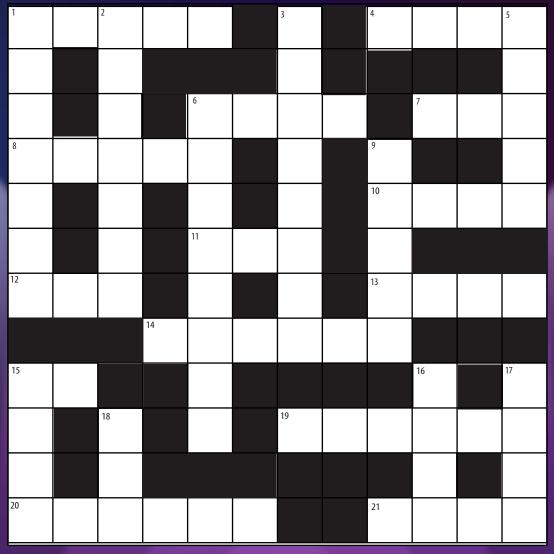
Ceistean 2

a)	In 1985 Geldof and Ure established	Band Aid Live Aid a new group
b)	There would be a big rock concert in	Britain America Britain & America
C)	For the first time a live concert was to be seen	in Britain worldwide in some countries
d)	A lot of money was raised for	 old people children Africa
e)	After Live Aid Geldof was	famous rich happy
f)	Margaret Thatcher wanted this on money for Africa	sanctions taxes fines
g)	Geldof is not permitted to use this word before his name	Lord Rev Sir



BOB GELDOF Tòimhseachan-tarsainn Β.

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Tarsainn

- Sìos
- Bob Geldof heard this newsman's report on 1. Africa (5)
- Immediately or at once, sa $_$ What you hear at a concert. (4) 4. _ . (4)
- 6.
- 7. Live. (3)
- The opposite of deagh. Precedes the noun. 8.
- (5)
- Ask for something. (4) 10.
- Gaelic for the prefix un- as in unfriendly. (3) 11.
- Another form of dà two. (3) 12.
- Command form of the verb chaidh. (4) 13.
- Often exchanged when one gets married. (6) 14. 15. Under. (2)
- Raising or lifting. (6) 19.
- One of the continents. (6) 20.
- 21. See 3 Down.

- The name of a group started by 1. Geldof. (4 & 3)
- A country Geldof helped. (7) 2.
- 3 & 21. He was the singer for this group. (8 & 4)
- Tears. (5) 5.
- 6. Past (8)
- Feminine form of 'air'.(5) 9.
- Long in time or distance. (4) 15.
- The past tense question form of 16. faic. (4)
- What a person is in school. (4) 17.
- Short for 'ann ar'. (3) 18.

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GAEL

C. Sgrìobhadh

Cuir crìoch air na freagairtean a leanas. Tha am fiosrachadh air duilleig 8 – 12. Freagair le seantansan.

- Dè a stèidhich Geldof agus Ure ann an 1985? Stèidhich iad
- 2. Dè bha iad airson a dhèanamh? Bha iad airson
- 3. Cò bhiodh a' cluiche dhaibh? Bhiodh
- 4. An deach a leithid a dhèanamh riamh roimhe? Cha deach
- 5. Càit an deach na consairtean air adhart? Chaidh iad
- 6. Dè chaidh a dhèanamh airson Afraga? Chaidh
- 7. Às dèidh Live Aid, càit an robh Bob Geldof a' siubhal? Bha e

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Carson a bha e a' trod ris a' Phrìomh Mhinistear? Bha i airson

- 9. Cò a rinn ridire dheth? Rinn
- 10. Carson nach b' urrainn dha an tiotal 'Sir' a chleachdadh? Cha b' urrainn dha a chleachdadh

D. Obair dithis – Còmhradh

Cleachd na ceistean ann an earrainn C. Cuir ceist mu seach air a chèile. Feuch ri na ceistean a fhreagairt gun coimhead air na freagairtean sgrìobhte.

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Duilleagan 14 – 15

A. Freagair na ceistean a leanas ann am Beurla.

You have a choice to answer Ceistean 1 or the multiple choice Ceistean 2. Ask your teacher which you should do.

Ceistean 1

- a. When did Geldof marry Paula Yates?
- b. When had they first met?
- c. Who was Fifi Trixibelle?
- d. How many children did the couple have altogether?
- e. Why did the marriage not last?
- f. What was Michael Hutchence's profession?
- g. How did he and Yates meet?
- h. Who made the programme The Big Breakfast?
- i. 1) What tragedy took place in 1997?

2) Where did it take place?

- j. How did the tragedy affect Paula Yates?
- k. Why did Geldof go to court?

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Was he successful in his action?

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- m. Why was the court process not easy?
- n. What kind of body is Fathers for Justice?
- o. 1) What further bad news did Geldof get?
 - 2) How did this affect his life?



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Ceistean 2

a)	The number of children Geldof and Yates had were	one two three
b)	The name of their second daughter was	Peaches Fifi Pixie
c)	Michael Hutchence belonged to	Britain Australia America
d)	Hutchence was a singer in thè group	Boomtown Rats Breakfast Club INXS
e)	Hutchence and Yates met on the programme	Breakfast LK Today The Big Breakfast
f)	Things went wrong for Yates and Hutchence in the year	1996 1997 1989
g)	Hutchence killed himself in	a hotel at home outside
h)	Because Geldof wanted his children back he went to	the police the law courts the Australian Embassy
i)	Fathers for Justice are seeking	money educational opportunities more rights
j)	Paula Yates died after taking too much/many	alcohol drugs other substances

Β.

a)

c)

d)

f)

g)

h)

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Cuir am facal no an abairt as fheàrr anns a' bheàrn

(pòsadh; coinneachadh; falbh le chèile) Bha Geldof agus Paula Yates air

nuair a bha Geldof anns na Boomtown Rats.

(a' chleasaiche; a' chluicheadair; an t-seinneadair)b) Dh'fhàg Yates Geldof airson

Mìcheal Hutchence.

(Geldof; Hutchence; Yates) 'S e a' chompanaidh aig

a bha a' dèanamh The Big Breakfast.

(thèid; rach; chaidh)

cùisean ceàrr eadar Yates agus Hutchence ann an 1997.

(ceàrr; beagan ceàrr; bun os cionn)

e) Nuair a chuir Hutchence às dha fhèin, chaidh beatha Yates

(air ais; a bhith aig Yates; a bhith aig oide) Bha Geldof ag iarraidh a' chlann aige

(deasbaid; strì; còmhraidh) Bha mòran

ann ri luchd-lagha.

(iomairt; dòigh; rianachd) 'S e

a th' ann a' Fathers for Justice airson barrachd chòraichean a thoirt do dh'athraichean.

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C. Lorg faclan Gàidhlig air duilleagan 14 – 15 leis an aon chiall agus a tha aig na faclan a leanas.

1.	married (verb)	
2.	two people	
3.	daughter	
4.	last (verb)	
5.	marriage	
6.	left (verb)	
7.	unusual	
8.	matters	
9.	upside-down	
10.	court	
11.	strife	
12.	effect	
13.	support	
14.	campaign	
15.	bad (before noun)	
16.	died	
17.	too much/many	
18.	four people	



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Duilleagan 16 – 18

A. Freagair na ceistean a leanas ann am Beurla.

You have a choice to answer Ceistean 1 or the multiple choice Ceistean 2. Ask your teacher which you should do.

Ceistean 1 Duilleag 16

- a. Why did Geldof and Ure come together in 2005?
- b. What was to take place at Gleneagles?
 - What is the G8?

c.

- d. How did Geldof see the G8 meeting?
- e. Where did Nelson Mandela and he launch Make Poverty History?
- f. When did Geldof launch Live 8?
- g. 1) What did he ask people to do?
 - 2) Why did he ask them to do this?

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Duilleag 17 – 18

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- h. How is Live 8 compared with Live Aid?
- i. How were the cities chosen for the Live 8 concerts?
- j. Where was Geldof brought up?
- k. In addition to being famous for the work he has done for Africa, what else does Geldof do?
 - 1) What do some (people) think he could do?
 - 2) What are other people's opinion?
- m. How does Geldof want to be remembered?
- n. What is he likely to do in the future?



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Ceistean 2 Duilleag 16 - 17

a)	Geldof agus Midge Ure came together again in	2006 2005 2004
b)	The G8 is a group of	 nations universities European countries
c)	Geldof wants to do more for	Asia Africa Europe
d)	The number of people he wanted in Edinburgh were	 a million thousands millions
e)	He wanted to put pressure on	 parliament leaders the Prime Minister
f)	Live 8 was bigger than	 Live Aid Band Aid any other concert
g)	Among the venues was	Glaschu Madrid Tokyo

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Duilleag 18

h)	Nowadays Geldof stays in	London Paris New York
i)	He was brought up in	Belfast Dunleary Dublin
j)	Geldof is also a/an	 director businessman editor
k)	Some people think he will get a place in	 the House of Lords Holyrood Hollywood
I)	Geldof wants to be remembered as a/an	artist musician designer
m)	In future there is every liklihood that he will be involved in	 politics music business





B. Lorg faclan Gàidhlig air duilleagan 16 – 18 leis an aon chiall agus a tha aig na faclan a leanas:

1.	together	
2.	meeting	
3.	nations, kingdoms	
4.	most powerful	
5.	chance, opportunity	
6.	launched, revealed, published	
7.	a few months	
8.	establish (3 words)	
9.	weight, pressure	
10.	leader, chief	
11.	bigger	
12.	SO	
13.	city	
14.	where he was brought up	
15	businessman	
16.	president	
17.	some	
18.	of the opinion	
19.	the House of Lords	
20.	musician	

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Cuir crìoch air na freagairtean a leanas. Tha am fiosrachadh air duilleagan 16 – 18. Freagair le seantansan.

- 1. Cuin a thàinig Geldof is Ure còmhla uair eile? Thàinig iad
- 2. Càit an robh coinneamh an G8? Bha a' choinneamh
- 3. Dè th' anns an G8? Is iad na h-ochd
- 4. Cò a chuir Live 8 air bhonn. 'S e
- 5. Carson a chuir e Live 8 air bhonn? Bha e airson
- 6. Càit an deach na consairtean a chur air bhonn? Chaidh an cur air bhonn
- 7. Càite bheil Geldof a' fuireach an-diugh? Tha e

8.

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- Càit an deach a thogail? Chaidh a thogail
- 9. Ciamar a tha Geldof ag iarraidh a bhith air a chuimhneachadh? Tha e ag iarraidh gum biodh
- 10. Dè bhios e 's dòcha a' dèanamh san àm ri teachd? Tha a h-uile coltas

D. Obair dithis – Còmhradh

Cleachd na ceistean ann an earrainn C. Cuir ceist mu seach air a chèile. Feuch ri na ceistean a fhreagairt gun coimhead air na freagairtean sgrìobhte.



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ACFHAINN 'Toolkit'

for reference

A summary and explanation of Gaelic terms and instructions used in the Beatha le Buaidh worksheets.

a leanas –	that follow	
am fiosrachadh –	the information	
a' mhòr-chuid –	most, the greatest number	
ann am Beurla –	in English	
ann an earrainn –	in section	
anns a' bheàrn –	in the gap	
anns a' chlèith –	in the grid	
a tha aig na faclan a leanas –	that the following words have	
cleachd na ceistean –	use the questions	
cuir am facal no an abairt as fheàrr – put the best word or expression		
cuir ceist mu seach air a chèile –	ask each other alternate questions	
cuir crìoch air –	complete	
dd –	pages	
duilleagan –	pages	
faclan Gàidhlig –	Gaelic words	
feuch ris na ceistean a fhreagairt – try and answer the questions		
freagair le seantansan –	answer in sentences	
freagair na ceistean –	answer the questions	



gun coimhead air na freagairtean sgrìobhte –	without looking at the written answers
leis an aon chiall –	with the same meaning
lorg –	find
na freagairtean a leanas –	the following answers
obair dithis –	pair work
stèidhichte air –	with reference to
tha am fiosrachach air –	the information is on
tòimhseachan-tarsainn –	crossword



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FACLAIR Vocabulary

abbreviations m. masculine f. feminine sg. singular pl. plural v.r. verb root

Pages 4 – 7

a' bàsachadh	dying
a' chòrr	the rest
ag aithris	reporting, reciting
ainmeil	famous, well-known
air uiread	as much, as many
aontaich v.r.	agree
às leth	on behalf of
a thogail	to raise
a dh'atharraich	which changed
bha fios aig	knew
cleasaiche m.	actor, performer
còmhlan m.	group, band (usually small)
cùis	the matter, issue, situation
dìreach	just, directly
dùthaich f.	country
fada ceàrr	far wrong, very wrong
fear-naidheachd m.	reporter, newsman



geall v.r.	promise
gort f.	famine
gu lèir	altogether, in total
gus feuchainn	to try, in order to try
gus innse	to tell, in order to tell
iomadach	many (a) (followed by sg. noun)
mu dheidhinn	about it
na h-ochdadan	the eighties
na meadhanan	the media
nas ainmeile	more famous, better known
neach-ciùil m.	musician
sa bhad	at once, immediately
seinneadair m.	singer
slighe f.	way, road
tachair v.r.	happen, occur
ùidh f.	interest
	Duilleagan 8–12
aithnichte	known
a leithid a rud	such a thing



an lùib	connected with, linked to	
a rugadh e	that he was born	
a' siubhal	travelling	
a throd	to argue	
bànrigh f.	queen	
beò	live	
cha deach…a dhèanamh	was not done	
cìs f. pl. cìsean	tax	
luchd-ciùil	musicians	
mòran airgid	a lot of money	
mu dheireadh thall	at long last	
ridire	knight	
ri fhaicinn	to be seen	
soirbheachail	successful	
stèidhich	start up, establish	
urramach	here it means honorary, he has the title Sir but cannot use it before his name. Other meanings: honourable, revered, venerable	
Duilleagan 14 – 15		
annasach	unusual, novel	
athair m. pl. athraichean	fathers (also forefathers)	
bhaair coinneachadh	had met	
buaidh f.	effect	



bun os cionn	upside down (new spelling: bun-os-cionn)
cead m.	permission
coinnich ri	meet with
còir f. pl. còraichean	right, privilege
cuir às do v.r.	kill, destroy
cùisean	things
cùirt f.	court (also cùirt-lagha)
dithis chloinne	two children
gu h-annasach	oddly, somewhat strangely
iomairt f.	campaign
luchd-lagha	lawyers
mair v.r.	last, endure
nighean f.	daughter, girl
pòs v.r.	marry
strì f.	strife, struggle
taic f.	support



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	-
a bhios fa-near dha	that he will consider, that he will be interested in
a h-uile coltas	every likelihood
airsona chuideachadh	in order to help
an t-àm ri teachd	the future
as cumhachdaiche	most powerful
a thuilleadh air	in addition to
Baile Àtha Cliath	Dublin
bu chòir cuimhneachadh	it ought to be remembered
ceannard m.	leader, chief
ceann-suidhe m.	president
cothrom m.	chance, opportunity
cuideam m.	weight, pressure
Dùn Laoghaire	Dunleary
fear-gnothaich m.	businessman
foillsich v.r.	launch, publish, reveal
na h-Èireann	of Ireland
Gleann Eigeis	Gleneagles
rìoghachd f.	nation, kingdom

Duilleagan 16 – 18





Comhairle nan Eilean Siar